



## CHOSES OF THE ELECTION.

OFFICIAL RETURNS CONFIRM THE CONSTITUTION'S REPORT.

A Colored Legislator From Liberty—Mr. J. B. Graham Elected to the Senate From the Thirty-Third District.

With the following the report of the legislative races throughout the state is complete, and THE CONSTITUTION closes its returns.

There is only one change in yesterday's report, later news making Dr. J. B. Goodman the representative from Berrien county instead of W. S. Walker.

Pop. G. Holston is the representative-elect from Madison county, Marcus Vanden from Rabun, D. H. Champion from Worth.

Mr. J. B. Graham is the senator-elect from the thirty-second.

In Liberty, S. A. McIver, colored, was elected.

In Bullock, Madison Warren defeated Jasper.

The Constitution has done, in giving the report which has been made, what has never been done in the state in less than eleven days.

Our work shows for itself:

A Few Points.

There was but a small vote cast in Baker county. Hon. Priniss W. Jones, who was elected this time as the regular nominee, ran before as an independent.

Mr. A. M. Foutz was elected in Bartow by a majority of 8 over Mr. Crawford.

Mr. Pope G. Holston is the newly elected representative from Madison county.

Only about half the precincts of Town county, especially in the northern part, have been reported. Judge Thomas Whitside, who was elected a representative, is one of the brightest men in the state.

A Candler club, consisting of a number of officers, members, and friends, drove last night in Strickland's hall. Dr. L. G. Hardeman was elected president, Mr. Jeremiah Strickland vice president, Mr. C. J. Hood, secretary, and Mr. C. C. Nichols, treasurer.

The senatorial contest in Heard county had in it many elements of bitterness. In a close vote of 7,600 to 7,400, Dr. W. H. Johnson, independent, was elected. Johnson has passed by the last legislature for Richmond county which requires a man to swear that he has paid all taxes required of him since the adoption of the constitution of 1877 before he can register. This, about three-fourths of the voters of the county are unable to do, and so they are, therefore, disfranchised as they are unable to pay by up to their accumulated back taxes for eleven years.

Bibb County.

MACON, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—Today at noon the managers of the state election yesterday met at the courthouse to consolidate the vote. Some interest was manifested to know who would lead the county legislative ticket. Mr. S. C. Chambliss, the county candidate, who was brought out only a few days before the recent primary nomination, and not very well known in the city, lead the ticket by 36 votes. His race is the primary and in the regular election was considered remarkable. He is considered a very lucky man. It is said that he will introduce a bill in the next legislature, to make the governor's salary \$10,000 per annum. This is given officially, but only as a rumor. His total vote yesterday was 775, Patterson, 720; Huff, 578. It will be noted that there was only one vote difference between Patterson and Huff. Attorney General Clifford Anderson led the ticket, receiving 881 votes. Macon is the home of this able lawyer and his friends complimented him by putting him in the front. Macon was the former home of Sen. Traylor, Bob Hardeman, and his old acquaintances. The state high school is on the ticket, 785. The majority for ratification increasing the number of supreme court judges was 522. The total vote was as follows: Gordon, 877; Anderson, 881; Bartow, 476; Marion, 879; Wright, 876; Bartow for senator, 841; Huff, 738; Patterson, 739; Chambliss, 753 for ratification, 680; against ratification, 168.

The biggest local question that the Bibb representatives will have to encounter at present is the question of the registration bill and the bill to issue \$200,000 in bonds for sewerage and \$20,000 in bonds for streets. It is said that the representatives will split on the registration bill.

Ware County.

WACROSS, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The following is the official count of Ware county: For governor, John B. Gordon, democrat, 726; for general, Clifford Anderson, 691; for state treasurer, Mr. Hardeman, 721; state treasurer, W. A. Wright, 722; Senator 5th district, F. C. Folks, democrat, 694; Senator 6th district, W. B. Blount, democrat, 681; Senator 7th district, W. B. McDonald, democrat, 681; Senator 8th district, A. J. Kirksey, colored, republican, 102; Jordan Baker, independent, 83; W. H. Thornton, independent, 20. For ratification of the amendment, 234; against, 20. McDonald's majority over Baker, 80.

Troup County.

LAGRANGE, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The vote on the constitutional amendment here was 40 for ratification and 334 against it.

Jefferson County.

HARVEY COVE, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The election was quiet here. Mr. Henderson was elected senator for the fifteenth senatorial district by 520 majority.

Telfair and Montgomery Counties.

LAWRENCE CITY, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The election was quiet here. Mr. Henderson was elected senator for the fifteenth senatorial district by 520 majority.

W. T. Wilson, representative of Telfair county, by 322 majority.

Hon. G. A. McArthur, representative of Montgomery county, by 233 majority.

Clinch County.

HOMERVILLE, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The consolidated vote of Clinch county gives James P. Mattox, candidate for representative, 79 majority. Mr. Mattox was opposed by Mr. Johnson, an ex-representative, and Mack Anderson, colored. The total vote polled in the county was 1,062. Mr. Johnson will contest the election. He claims that Mattox received votes that were not legal. The contest, however, will amount to nothing. There was no opposition to Dr. F. C. Follett for the senate.

Terrell County.

DAWSON, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The vote of Terrell county gives W. C. Kendrik over five hundred majority over the negro candidate, M. C. Edwards, for the senate, got two hundred and forty-five over M. A. Baldwin, independent. The county goes against the constitutional amendment.

Lumpkin County.

GAINSBURG, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The official returns of Lumpkin county gives John B. Graham, elected senator of 630 district, over Price and Boyd. Frank W. Hall was elected representative from Lumpkin over Grindle. Watson Fain is elected representative from White County.

Colonel Watson's Speech.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The Hon. Thomas E. Watson, of McDonald, elected for the state at large, by the invitation of the democratic party of Warren county, delivered to a large, intelligent and appreciative audience a speech on the tariff, which, for clearness, ready comprehension, logical arrangement, and eloquent appeal, has never been equalled in the state since the present national campaign opened.

Fire in Waycross.

WAYCROSS, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—There was a fire last night in Waycross, which is only about one-third of the vote of the county. Gordon received 716. The other officers received

nearly the full vote. S. Maxwell received 594 for representative against 147 for T. J. Davis, the independent. There were only 11 votes for ratification and 114 against it. The election was exceedingly quiet.

The Chattooga County Gazette.

Chattahoochee county is still excited over yesterday's election. The official count was concluded after midnight, and was as follows: For the amendment of the constitution, 1,371 against 4.

For Governor, John B. Gordon, 1,361; for secretary of state, N. C. Barnett, 1,378; for treasurer, E. U. Hardeman, 1,377; for comptroller general, Clifford Anderson, first district, F. G. Dubignon, 1,451.

For senator, first district, F. G. Dubignon, 1,451; for representative, William C. Gordon, democrat, 1,292; William Clifton, democrat, 1,266; Peter Reilly, democratic, 1,258; W. H. Mathews, republican, 374; L. M. Pleasant, republican, 367; S. B. Morris, 366; W. H. Mathews, 365.

Gordon led the ticket by a few votes. Blake and Fitzhugh, two prominent knights of labor, who were delegates to Brunswick, warmly supported Gordon. The ticket which Gordon and Reilly put out bearing their names and those of the negroes, received a number of votes, but was not on the ticket. The friends of the several candidates worked hard to make their men run ahead of the ticket. Gordon and Reilly are highly censured for putting out the Morse, Gordon and Reilly ticket. Clifton and Dubignon worked uniformly for the straight ticket. They denied that they had any connection with the party of any candidate. It was a meeting at which business men, property holders and workingmen met together, to hear the issues of the day discussed. In reference to the republican tickets, on which names of Pleasant and Mathews were bisected by a hair line, Captain Gordon asked:

"What harm was there in our going into the republican party? We have been here, and I understand the influence of Mr. Clinton's friends? Mr. DuBignon's name was on a good many of the republican tickets.

There was no harm in that. He had no opposition, and even if he had an opponent, he would not be criticized for getting all the republican votes he could. Those scratched republican tickets were very easily by colored men, who would have had the straight republican ticket otherwise. When dems got into into a nominating convention they ought to consider themselves bound by the action of that convention, and especially of the executive committee. I regret that the scratching was started, but I was state emphatically that my friends did not start it. I am not responsible for it. I am not single in this, so far as I know. I urged them not to individually. I got men to vote the straight democratic ticket who intended to vote Mr. Clinton."

The programme for tomorrow is especially good, and it is expected that ten thousand people will pass through the gates. The exposition so far has more than fulfilled the hopes of its most sanguine friends, and the remaining days promise to be far more brilliant and successful.

The exposition is kept open at night and the New Orleans band discourses sweet music. The exhibits are now in shape and are universally admired. The Floyd exhibits are simply magnificent, and are attracting much attention. On Saturday evening there will be a grand pyrotechnic display. An immense assemblage will be present. Next Thursday there will be another baby show, which promises to be very interesting.

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The Fair Committee Meet With Great Success.

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MACON, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The citizens' fair committee to solicit subscriptions for the grand exhibition, which is to be held on November 29th, have been very successful. The amount of money received up to date is \$10,000.

The expenses of the election yesterday in Bibb county have been held in Macon on a short scale, and left for Atlanta this morning.

Officers Abel and Johnson, of the police force, who have been sick several weeks, have recovered sufficient to go on duty again. They are good officers.

A Binswanger, a well known citizen, died this evening.

THE KAPPA SIGMA FRATERNITY.

The Biennial Conclave of the Kappa Sigma Fraternity Postponed.

VALDOSTA, Ga., October 4.—[Special.]—The eighth biennial conclave of the Kappa Sigma fraternity, which was to have been held in this city on 17th, 18th and 19th of October, has been postponed until the 14th, 15th and 16th of November. The Kappa Sigma fraternity is one of the foremost of Greek letter societies in the south, and many prominent men belong to the order. President Jefferson Davis is the oldest member in America, perhaps, in the world, and such men as Judge W. R. Triggs and General W. S. Featherstone, of Mississippi, General A. L. Pendleton and Judge Graham, of Virginia, Bishop Hargrave, Professor Carlisle, Lyon G. Tyler, president William and Mary College, W. G. McCormick, of Chicago, H. N. McTyeire, Samuel G. Heiskell, Judge D. C. Miller, and many rising young lawyers, professors, doctors, etc., will be present. The election to be held will be on November 1st, will be on the 14th, and the conclave will be on the 15th and 16th.

The primary nominations for county officers will be held on November 1st. It is the custom of the order to have a meeting of the entire chapter before the election.

The election will be held on November 1st.

It is the entering wedge of a split that may give us a chance," said Col. C. M. Heileman, the leader of the republicans, "and as such it is a most joyful occasion to us. I cannot see though why any republican should have cut his ticket yesterday just to oblige Messrs. Gordon and Reilly, unless their names were on the ticket, and that was not the case. The scratchings were put on by the order of the executive committee. I regret that the scratching was started, but I was state emphatically that my friends did not start it. I am not responsible for it. I am not single in this, so far as I know. I urged them not to individually. I got men to vote the straight democratic ticket who intended to vote Mr. Clinton."

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The unrivaled Southern remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury or any injurious mineral substance, but is  
PURELY VEGETABLE.

It will cure all diseases caused by derangements of the Liver, Kidneys and Stomach.

It even heals dull, drawy, debilitated, have frequent headache, nausea and vomiting, poor appetite and or "Biliousness," and nothing will cure so speedily and permanently as Simmons Liver Regulator.

At any time you feel your system needs cleansing, toning, regulating without violent purging or stimulating without intoxicating, use

Simmons Liver Regulator,

PREPARED BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

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RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CHATTANOOGA, BIRMINGHAM AND COLUMBIA RAILROAD.  
TABLE NO. 1.

Taking Effect September 24, 1888.

SOUTH.	NORTH.	
	PASSENGER	PASSENGER
8:30 a.m. Lv. Chattanooga. At 3:10 p.m.	Arr. Birmingham. At 2:30 p.m.	
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## THE CONSTITUTION:

Published Daily and Weekly

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ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 5, 1888.

A Promising Young Borgia.

In Chicago, the other day, pretty Minnie Kratzberg, a little girl of thirteen, poisoned her mother, sister and two brothers. Fortunately, the victims did not die, but that was not Minnie's fault. The girl used "rough on Kate" liberally in the coffee, and on the food, but the family ate a very light supper, and after a few violent convulsions recovered.

To the surprise of everybody Minnie confessed her guilt. She told her story very calmly, and without a sign of remorse. She did not like her brother John, she said—he put on to many airs, and tried to boss her. It struck her that it was a pity to make the others suffer, but as she did not know how to get rid of John without poisoning the whole crowd she had cheerfully accepted the situation, and had put in her best work.

To our mind this is as horrible as any of the murders of the day. A rosie-cheeked little girl who ought to have been playing with her doll goes deliberately to work to poison every member of her family, with all the malice and all the nerve of a Borgia! It is not claimed that she is insane. She is a pleasant-faced, good-natured child, with a temper that sometimes gets the best of her. In no respect, apparently, is she different from other children of her age.

This crime and several other diabolical deeds of a recent date will interest the student of sociology. What is there in our civilization that causes little children to become full-fledged criminals? Why do husbands, wives, parents and their offspring kill each other? Why do men without a motive commit such murders as those in Austin, Texas, and in London?

It is impossible to answer these questions fully and satisfactorily, and yet one cannot help jumping to the conclusion that in our society there is something wanting in our system of moral training—something that makes the young heartless and the old indifferent. Our doctrine of the survival of the fittest, not only leads us to look on complacently when some are pushed to the wall, but it makes some aggressive nature take a delight in anything that is destructive and deadly. If we go at our present rate of progress we may expect to see many criminals as precocious as the youthful Chicago monster.

The August Chronicle sticks to it that an "ambitious and artistic" man is needed for the successful conduct of a southern magazine, but it no longer insists upon a "southern." This leads us to the conclusion that our contemporary will be satisfied with a southerner.

### Our Samoan Friends.

The threat to send a fleet of our gun-boats to the Samoan Islands to resist the armed aggression of Germany in that quarter has surprised many people, and there is a general desire to get at the facts of the case.

The Samoan Islands are a part of the Polynesian group in the South Pacific. They comprise a territory about as large as Rhode Island, and their 36,000 inhabitants produce for export, cotton, dried coconuts and other valuable articles of commerce. The people are an intelligent, brown-skinned race, and nearly all of them have become converts to Christianity.

In 1872 the Samoans requested the United States to take them under its protection, and the following year a majority of the chiefs and their subjects declared themselves in favor of a protectorate by the United States. In 1875 President Grant sent them a lot of presents. The people adopted a constitution modeled after ours, and certain treaty stipulations were entered into by which our government agreed to protect the islands against the rapacity of foreign foes.

This agreement will perhaps render it necessary for us to make a show of force in the Samoan harbors. It seems that the Germans, not satisfied with controlling the trade of the islands, have interfered in their political concerns and have boldly claimed them as German territory. This is done in defiance of the wishes of the Samoans, and these ill-used people naturally look to the United States to carry out its pledge to protect them under such circumstances.

This is all there is in the whole business. It would not injure us to stand off and let Germany have her way. If we take a hand in the matter it will be simply to redempt a promise, and to take the part of the weak against the strong. But it is not likely that there will be any serious trouble. The Germans and the Americans have more profitable affairs to engage their attention.

Mr. BLAINE again shows signs of becoming a bigger man than Harrison.

### Probably Defeated.

It now seems almost certain that the amendment to the constitution, adopted by the last legislature, increasing the number of supreme court judges from three to five, is defeated.

There is a bare chance, however, that the last returns may change the situation, as it appears now, and it is sincerely to be hoped that they will.

It appears that the country vote throughout the state is generally against the amendment, while the towns and cities generally favored it; and had the matter been left alone to the lawyers, the amendment would probably have been adopted unanimously.

Somewhere or other the country vote was prejudiced against it, and in many of the counties voted solidly in opposition to it. The influence of the Farmers' Alliance against it was felt throughout the state, and to the opposition of the alliance can be attributed the defeat of the amendment, if such is the result.

The amendment has not yet been adopted.

many months behind in its work, and, with its present facilities, cannot hope to catch up. We have admirable judges, and they are probably the hardest worked of any officials holding similar positions in the United States. The strain of the office has resulted in the death of several of its occupants. The judges are kept constantly busy, but it is impossible for three men to do the work which, if properly done, would keep five men busy.

But three it is, and three it must remain, until the people decide on an increase. They do not appear to be inclined this way now. After several more of our prominent men and lawyers go through the slow process of execution on the bench, it is to be hoped that the people will realize the necessity of doing something toward relieving our highest tribunal, as well as the public, for the public is most inconvenienced by the choke in which the business of the supreme court has gotten by the steady and natural increase of litigation throughout the state.

An old contractor predicts a big building boom in Atlanta next year.

### Yesterday's "Special" Report.

The man who compares the "specials" of The Constitution of yesterday on the legislative races with those of any other Georgia paper, will appreciate the difference between our news service and that of our neighbors.

Two years ago, The Constitution closed up its list of legislators-elect eleven days after the election. Yesterday it lacked but two counties of closing the list, the morning after the election, and today the list is closed.

The conductor at once returned to the judge, and, after a searching glance at the sun-kissed countenance of the New York statesman, professed him forty cents, with the remark: "We only collect half rates from preachers."

"No, I am not," said the Missourian, "but that gentleman is." Then he turned to a Judge Sawyer, who sat a couple of feet in front of him.

The conductor at once returned to the judge, and, with considerable show of anger.

The conductor had been crawling along for an hour and had covered at least six miles, the conductor collected the fare, which, for the congressional crowd, amounted to eighty cents each. When he reached Colonel Wade that great "bulldog" remarked: "I suppose he is worth at least \$150,000 right at this moment. He is a good man."

"Yes, he is," said the Missourian.

"I suppose he is," said the Missourian.

"No, I am not," said the Missourian, "but that gentleman is."

"I suppose he is," said the Missourian.

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